an entire German battery, which had limbered up with all the horse teams harnessed to the guns in readiness to

Today for the first time since the French moved from their lines to attack the sun shone and the brilliance of the weather was reflected on the faces of the troops, who were filled with delight over the change from trench warfare. The men sang in their bivouace and marched with a confident swing when ordered forward. The French artillery fire constituted one continuous roll all along the front and the Germans replied heavily, but their guns were forced gradually back. Possession of Chemin-Des-Dames ridge gives the occupant excellent positions for observation and the Germans fought desperately to retain it. They could not, however, stay the French program at several points and their fierce counter attack between Ailles and Hurtebise was crushed, despite the fact that they threw great masses of men against the advancing French. Today for the first time since the

Move Like Clockwork.

The method and care shown by the French plans strike the observer. Everything goes like clockwork. Every an and gun is in the proper place at the right moment. Even in the rear of the lines the same systematic thoroughness has been developed. Should a supply column meet an obstruction on the road toward the front, a smart officer immediately appears on the scene and in a few moments all is in order. This means much when it is understood that the roads must swiftly be made across the fields where no road existed before and in territory torn during the previous fightling. How heavy artillery is brought forward under such conditions is a puzzle, but all the difficulties are overcome and they reach their positions at the effective moment.

The broken character of the country adds to the difficulty of the French task ef approaching and capturing the German positions, which oftentimes are in natural caverns or quarries, easily defensible and, in addition to the heavy artillery, are armed with perfect horselfs have an every market of the commerce commission. He urged the adoption of his resolution providing for an investigation into the matter by the Senate commerce. Finally, however, he agreed that the resolution should be referred to the committee before action by the Senate.

He said he proposed to immediately draft a bill amending the interstate commerce act so that a hearing would have to be granted on every proposed increase in rates before the commission. He urged the adoption of his resolution providing for an investigation into the matter by the Senate committee on interstate commerce. Finally, however, he agreed that the resolution should be referred to the committee before action by the Senate.

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Expresses Views of Subject.

Discussing the proposed increase in freight he lines the same systematic thorough-

are armed with perfect hor nests of machine guns, as was case in Ville-au-Bois, where 108

STRIKE PROBE HEARINGS

STRIKE PROBE HEARINGS

TO BE STARTED AT ONCE

To BE STARTED AT ONCE

Senators Jones and Johnson Named to Fill Committee

Vacancies.

To fill the vacancies on the Senate committee named to investigate the strike of the employes of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, the strike of the employes of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, the strike of Lord President yesterday afternoon appointed Senator Wesley L. Jones of Washington and Senator Hiram Johnson of California. They take the places of Senators Dillingham of New Hampshire and Harding of Ohio, both of whom withdrew from the committee shows Net Profits.

Shows Net Profits. shire and Harding of Ohio, both of whom withdrew from the committee sterday because they felt they could of give their time to an immediate inestigation of the strike while the war my bill was pending in the Senate. Senator Hughes, chairman of the in-estigating committee, insists that the work of investigation shall proceed without further loss of time.

and Johnson accepted appointment to the committee with the understanding that the hearings will be confined to the hours before the Senate meets.

The committee is to meet tomorrow morning to frame a plan for conducting the investigation, and unless there be some further delay the hearings will be begun immediately.

The Senate committee as now constituted is as follows: Senator Hughes, chairman: Senators littman, King, Jones and Johnson of California.

ar men of Washington were made at eeting of presidents and secretaries Labor Union, meeting at Painters' SAYS U. S. MUST SAVE Hall, 6th and G streets, last evening.

al Cumberland, Md. last week, reported to the meeting that resolutions pledging moral and financial support to the strikers had been passed by the federation. The federation also went on record as favoring municipal ownership in Washington.

Garth Calderhead said that plans will be effected for an extensive jitney service along all the lines of the Washington Railway and Electric Company as soon as the returns from the Central Labor Union's appeal begin to come in. The response to this appeal will affect the extent to which this service may be operated.

Pickets at the ball park will be a saily part of the strikers' program when the Nationals are in Washington. Pickets stationed there yesterday afternion reported that they had been successful in diverting many persons to the lines of the Capital Traction Company.

VISITOR BATTLES WITH **GUARD AT WHITE HOUSE**

Gottleib Kreh, Claiming Divine Power to End War, Fights to See the President.

Gottleib Kreh, forty-five years old, a landscape gardener from Spokane, Wash., and Thomas Logan, a secret service agent, yesterday afternoon had a rough-and-tumble fight near the west entrance to the White House grounds, when the former Ferrill. "From all the statistics we appeared and demanded to see the President, claiming be could stop the war in forty-eight hours.

insistent was he in his demands that he be accorded an interview with the service agent in his statement that an interview could not be had, it is stated that Kreh became troublesome and had to be subdued. Kreh finally reached police headquarters and was taken to Washington Asylum Hospital by Detectives Buclin-

game and Kelly.
At police headquarters the prisoner became so obstreperous that he had to be handcuffed. He claimed he possessed di-

vine power.

"I possess more power than the King of England or the Czar of Russia," he said, "and it is possible for me to lengthen the days and nights."

Kreh's long beard and hair gave sime a picture-sque appearance. He is held at the begintal for observation as to his mental candition, and relatives will be advised of his whereabouts.

HELD AS GERMAN SPY.

Man Arrested in Kansas City Interned at Fort Riley.

CANSAS CITY, April 21.-Upon orders from Washington, Anton Haver-kamp, arrested here last week, charged ofth being a German spy, was interned oday at Fort Riley, Kan. Havertamp when arrested had maps of the inland waterways, reports of Atlantic coast pilots and a clockwork contrivance that federal authorities said could ance that federal authorities said could be used in making a bomb. He is a Prussian, fifty-five years old, and for ten years had worked here as a lastorer. He declared in his hearing here that he had taken out his first citizenship papers in 1884, but had lost them.

OBJECTS TO ACTION WITHOUT INQUIRY

Senator Hoke Smith Discusses Request of Railroads for Higher Freight Rates.

WANTS SENATE TO PROBE

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia yes terday vigorously called to the attention of the Senate the request of th railroads for a 15 per cent increase on freight rates, and the possibility of this increase being granted by the interstate commerce commission. He urged

"I regard the pendency of this an plication for an increase of 15 per cent by the railroads of the country as a

Shows Net Profits. "For the last six months of 1916 the net profits of the railroads' earnings income above a million dollars annually was \$698,666,628. Upon the same rate for twelve months the net earnings would be practically \$1,400,000,000. The would be practically \$1,400,000,000. The book value claimed by the railroads of their properties is about \$20,000,000,000. So that the income for the last six months, accepting their properties at the book value, which most students of the subject challenge as excessive, their net income is 7 per cent. Now with a net income of 7 per cent and with the apparent tendency to increase its business, it is proposed to levy an additional tax upon transportation of \$400,000,000 annually."

000,000 annually."
Senator Smith said that the Adamson car men of Washington were made at local shairman; Senators Hughes, Chairman; Senators Pittman, King, Jones and Johnson of California.

Reports on Appeals for Aid.

Reports on the work of sending out appeals to central bodies and local unions all over the United States for fipancial aid for the striking street car men of Washington were made at local last year.

Senator Smith said that the Adamson eight-hour law had been given as a reason for the proposed increase, but that no one had ever claimed that this law would increase the charges of the railroads over \$60,000,000 and that \$30,000,000 was the figure usually accepted. He said in his own section, the southeastern, the people are staggering now under the increased feright rates put on last year.

J. H. Cookman, delegate of the car men's union to the Maryland and District Federation of Labor, in session WORLD FROM STARVING "On behalf of my countrymen, let me express our gratitude for all that the citizens of the United States of Americans

America Has Only Sufficient Food to Last Until Fall, Says G. E. Ferrill.

By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, April 21.-The burden of saving the world from starvation rests on the shoulders of America. Present indications are that by next winter there will not be enough food in the United States to feed the nation's own people, let alone sending supplies to the suffering multitudes of Europe. The only salvation lies in the planting of millions of additional acres of foodstuff and the cutting off of all waste.

That is the message borne to Chi-cago today by George E. Ferrill of the cago today by George E. Ferrill of the United States Department of Agriculture. He was here a short time on a tour of the country, making a detailed study of crop and food conditions for the government. Mr. Ferrill was in conference with Mayor Thompson and officials of railroads, packing companies and other industries in an effort to devise means of further awakening the middle west to the need of night and day work in putting in crops.

Conditions Appalling.

"Conditions are simply appalling when one thinks of what next winter seems certain to bring forth," said Mr. can gather. America has food enough to last after that. Our fate then rests on what we can harvest. What we har-

"Chicago is farther ahead than the President, and so positive was the secret great eastern cities in the matter of conservation of food supplies, but Chiago hasn't dnoe its best yet. The west will have to help support the east.

Massachusetts imports \$200,000,000

vest depends on what we plant now.

BOY SCOUTS ATTACK GROUND IN POTOMAC PARK WITH RAKE AND HOE TO HELP hell, so the thing to do is to get into MEET THE FOOD PROBLEM DURING WAR.





ower-Nothing but a large stretch of uncultivated land now, but the boys are determined that it shall not remain so and they have started in to

BRITISH MINISTER BALFOUR'S PARTY **NEARING CAPITAL**

(Continued from First Page.)

head of a diplomatic mission is to pa my respects to the head of the state which I have been sent; and no publ expression of opinion on points of polic would, I think, be useful or even tole able until I have had the honor of co would, I think, be useful or even to able until I have had the honor of conferring with your President, and learning his views. I have not come here to make speeches or indulge in interviews, but to do what I can to make coperation easy and effective between those who are striving with all their power to bring about a lasting peace by the only means that can secure it, namely, a successful war.

"Without, however, violating the rule I have just laid down, there are two things which I may permit myself to say; One, on my own behalf, the other on behalf of my countrymen in general.

"On my own behalf, let me express the deep gratification I feel at being connected in any capacity whatever with events which associate our countries in a common effort for a great ideal.

citizens of the United States of America have done to mitigate the lot of those who, in the allied countries, have suffered from the cruelties of the most deliberately cruel of all wars. To name no others, the efforts of Mr. Gerard to alleviate the condition of British and other prisoners of war in Germany, and the administrative genius which Mr. Hoover has ungrudgingly devoted to the relief of the unhappy Belgians and French in the territories still in enemy occupation, will never be forgotten.

Expresses Gratitude of Englishmen.

French in the territories still in enemy occupation, will never be forgotten, while an inexhaustible stream of charitable effort has supplied medical and nursing skill to the service of the wounded and the sick.

"These are the memorable doings of a beneficent neutrality. But the days of neutrality are, I rejoice to think, at an end; and the first page is being turned in a new chapter in the history of mankind. Your President, in a most apt and vivid phrase, has proclaimed that the world must be made safe for democracy. Democracies wherever

apt and vivid must be made safe for democracy. Democracies wherever they are to be found, and not least the democracles of the British empire, will hail the pronouncement as a happy augury. That self-governing communities are not to be treated as negligible simply because they are small; that the ruthless domination of one unscrupulous power imperils the future of civilization and the liberties of mankind are truths of political ethics which the bitter experience of war is burning into the souls of all freedom-loving peoples. That this great people should have thrown themselves wholeheartedly into this mighty struggle, prepared for all the efforts and sacrifices that may be required to win success for this most righteous cause, success for this most righteous cause, is an event at once so happy and so momentous that only the historian of the future will be able, as I believe, measure its true proportions.
(Signed) "A. J. BALFOUR."

British High Commissioners to Be Welcomed at Capitol This Afternoon at 3 O'Clock

conservation of food supplies, but Chicago hasn't dnoe its best yet. The west will have to help support the east. Massachusetts imports \$300,000,000 worth of foodstuffs every year. If every foot of land in that state were cultivated still the state would fall short 6 per cent in the production of its own food supplies. The country must awaken to agriculture. All the experienced farm labor available must be turned to the soil.

Farmers Not Feeling Pinch.

"Farmers are not feeling the pinch and many of them are not awake to the situation. They, of course, will be the last to suffer in the case of food scarcity. I know a farm where potatoes are scarce and none are being planted because the supply is not big enough for both seed and home consumption.

"It doesn't matter what it costs to produce. Money is only exchange, and if it should cost \$2 to produce \$1 worth of foodstuff, it must be done. People can eat food, but not money. Cost should not be counted now. The world must be kept from starving.

"To city housewives I would say: Cut out all waste and cut down on the use of food. Can all the perishable foodstuffs you can get hold of. Now is the time to begin to can strawberries. Not in the firm to begin to can strawberries. Not in fruit should be allowed to go to waste anywhere. Don't wait for too cheap a price."

Every loaf of bread sold by members of the Southeastern Master Bakers' Association will contain within the wrapper an appeal for enlistment in the Foreign Minister Balfour and the

To Be Escorted by Cavalry. There will be little ceremonial in th

BRITISH FIRE 4,000,000 ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION INTO ENEMY RANKS

LONDON, April 21.—The military situation at the present moment is distinctly encouraging to the entente allies, declared Earl Curzon, member of the war council, in an address at Derby today. The government leader in the house of lords said that he did not wish his hearers to go away with the idea that the end had come just yet, but there was no doubt that the operations during the last fortnight on French soil constituted a very considerable military victory. These operations have shown the wonderful superiority of

British artillery, which had fired 4,000,000 rounds of ammunition into the ranks of the Germans. Earl Curzon said that in his opinion the military power of Germany was not sufficiently broken to induce her to accept any terms which the allies might consider reasonable.

Referring to the operations in the east, Earl Curzon said:

"Keep your eye on Mesopotamia."

tation this afternoon. The presence of a cavalry escort will give the incident an official aspect, but it is expected that the meeting of Great Britain's representatives

Hugh Gloson, formerly first secretary of the American embassy in London, now of the State Department staff, has been detailed to serve as ald to Mr. Balfour during his visit. Capt. George Quekemeyer, U.S. A., formerly assistant military attache, has been assigned as aid o Gen. Bridges.

Plans for Guarding Commission.

Maj. Raymond W. Pullman, superin tendent of police, last night completed police arrangements for receiving and small detail of policemen yesterday

to prevent annoyance.

Col. Fenton's troopers from Fort Myer and motor cycle policemen will form the escort from Union station to the 16th street residence. The house will be carefully guarded at all times during the stay of the visitors, a secret service officer being there to co-mergiae with officer being there to co-operate with representatives of Maj. Pullman's force.

U. S. to Send Commission to No Nation But Russia

Commissions will be sent by the United where there is some definite end to be accomplished and not generally as a matter of formal courtesy. At present definite plans are being made only for a mission to Russia, although it is possible that one will be dispatched to France and to other countries if necessary. The commission to Russia which the

The commission to Russia which the President is now choosing will be entirely political, economic and financial in character, since there is no present plan for active naval and military co-operation with that nation.

Charles R. Crane of Chicago, business man and personal friend of the President, who is due to reach Petrograd soon, will co-operate with the commission. Former Secretary of State Elihu Root is being most seriously considered as chairman.

greeting of the visitors at the railroad BIG CROWD HEARS



guarding the distinguished visitors. A REPRESENTATIVE A. P. GARDNER. afternoon went on duty at the 16th stration of patriotism unparalleled in this

small detail of policemen yesterday afternoon went on duty at the 16th street residence where the visitors will be domiciled during their stay in the city, and directions were given for a full detail to take up the duty this morning.

Ten captains, ten lieutenants, ten detectives, four motor cycle policemen, twelve bicycle policemen and twenty footmen will report to Maj. Pullman at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at Union station, the same detail used on the occasion of the return of President Wilson after his re-election.

The police will work in co-operation with two troops of cavalry, under Col. Fenton. It has been arranged for the guests to pass through the President's suite to the east of the building, and the concourse will be roped to keep the public far enough from the visitors to prevent annoyance.

Sol Enter's tracepers from Fort Myer.

trying to recruit. They will make peace fast enough. They say Germany is trying to make peace, so what's the use of our going into the war. The real truth is Germany has been anxious

real truth is Germany has been anxious to make peace ever since it became certain that Uncle Sam was getting into the game.

"Now, we are not getting into the war because we lost two or three hundred citizens drowned at sea as a result of the submarine warfare. We have a nobler reason. We have the same reason we had in 1776. We are getting into this war so the man in the street can have something to say about the government in which he lives."

Representative Gardner explained the

that can overcome the hawk, and that is the American eagle." "We have lent the allies money." Mr. Gardner continued, "and we have rade munitions for them, but now let us get into this fight as Americans always get into warfare, with men and ships." He said there are six different kinds of naval reserves, but that the best fighting man on earth is the United States regular, and that the best of all the United States regulars are the United States marines. He advocated the sending of a brigade of marines to Europe immediately, bearing a message, he said, "Hold on tight, boys, Uncle Sam is coming!" Mr. Gardner said the second thing for the United States to do from a point of policy would be to send Theodore Roosevelt to Europe with his proposed division of troops, and, he added, "they might be half trained, but what they lacked in training they will make up in nerve." "Don't let George do it any longer." the Dest fighting man on earth is the United States regular, and that the best of all the United States regular, and that the best of all the United States regulars and that the best of all the United States regulars and that the best of all the United States regulars and that the best of all the United States regulars and that the best of all the United States regulars and that the best of all the United States regulars and that the best of all the United States regulars and that their some states of the sending of a brigade of marines to Europe immediately, bearing a message, he said, "floid on tight boys, Uncle Sam is coming!" Mr. Garden ers said the second thing for the United States to do from a point of college of the United States to do from a point of college of the United States to do from a point of college of the United States to do from a point of college of the United States to do from a point of college of the United States to do from a point of college of the United States regulars and that their some store of the big side and the second thing for the United States regulars and that their some store of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade worked vigorously on the whole native to the consider reasonable. Three rows of onion sets, each row about "Three dath in that their some store of the big ward and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene of the big and hose parade" to the scene

for re-enlistments, brought out the fact that once before have the troops of England, France, Russia and Japan been the allies of the Marine Corps. They are now by reason of the war against Germany, and they also were luring the Boxer campaign in China, when United States marines made such

when United States marines made such an excellent showing.

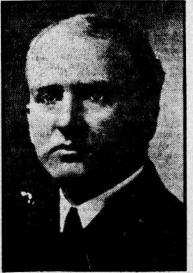
"Now we are here not to bid you to go with others to follow the flag, but to ask you, to invite you, to come with us and fight your country's cause, on seas and on land. We need men, good men, to fill up the authorized strength of the corps. We need you. Don't hesitate in the hope that you will find a better place. There isn't any."

Sacred Obligations of Humanity.

"I trust you will agree with me that the time has come when every ablepodied citizen must do his share to protect the country, and I trust that many of you will enlist in the Marine Corps. The American people have shown great patience with Germany, but at last patience with Germany, but at last Congress was compelled to declare that a state of war exists. This war is to keep up the solemn and sacred obliga-tions of humanity.

"There are times when a small pre-

rhere are times when a small preproderance of men on either side may
turn the scale and be decisive in war.
It is your duty to join the colors. I am
loath to believe that the younger generation is willing to lag behind. If you
do not join the colors you put yourselves in a class of men that is most selves in a class of the slacker, the coward, the class of the slacker, the coward, the shirk. I ask you to ask yourselves if you do not do your duty now what your position will be in the community later on. Your children some day will play in the streets with



about the government in which he lives."

Representative Gardner explained the difference between the autocratic and democratic form of government. He called off the names of the nations "Great Britain, France, Belgium, and now Russia" as governments with a democratic form of government, and to these, he said, are opposed "a little group of men who perpetuate themselves."

World Looks to American Eagle.

The two forms of government, Mr. Gardner said, can no longer continue side by side in this modern world. He said the dove of peace "will not be able to last while the hawk is in the firmament, and that there is only one bird "Position of the conscription."

Babout the government in which he is defined and democratic form of government. He children of men who did go to the front, and then the questions they ask you will be unbearable."

JOSEPH P. TUMULTY.

the children of men who did go to the front, and then the questions they ask you will be unbearable."

James Hugh Keeley, who has taken a leading part in civic affairs in Washington, and who worked for the re-election of President Wilson because he felt the President would keep the country out of war. War delivered an address in which he explained that now war has to restore order when the galleries started the demonstration for the G

it quickly, so that we can get it over and done with and get out quickly. Let us raise 2,000,000 men and end the war in six months. If you then the war in six months. in six months. If we die, we cannot die in any better cause."

In any better cause."

An interesting feature of the program was an explanation of the various ranks of enlisted men in the Marine Corps, which was made by Q. M. Sergt. N. M. Shaw. As Sergt. Shaw explained the various sleeve insignia and their meaning a marine in uniform was used to visualize his remarks. A private first was brought up onto the platform and then came a musician, corporal, sergeant, gunnery sergeant, first sergeant, quartermaster sergeant and sergeant major. Sergt. Shaw brought out the fact that the United States Marine Corps has participated in 140 engagements and twenty-five expeditions without a declaration of war.

Sergt. Ketcher an Orator.

Sergt. S. Ketcher demonstrated to the ce that marines can talk as well as sergeant made a stirring appeal for reforemost orators in the enlisted personnel of the Marine Corps. He came on from Philadelphia, where he is engaged in recruiting work, specially to attend the

The recruiting meeting started with

The recruiting meeting started with a concert by the entire United States Marine Band, Second Leader Walter F. Smith serving as director. For a half hour prior to the showing of the first motion picture films the world-famous band played popular airs and marches and were loudly applauded.

A pretty feature of the musical program was the singing of "Our Country First" by Miss Gretchen Hood. The words of this song were written recently by Philander C. Johnson and the music by Mme. Marie Von Unschuld. The motion picture program consisted of a film entitled "With Ungle Sam in Mexico," which showed the activities of marines following their landing at Vera Cruz two years ago. A film at Vera Cruz two years ago. A film showing the training of the marine also was presented and the program was concluded by the latest issue of the Pathe Weekly obtained for the occasion through the courtesy of the Pathe exchange and the management of the Cosmos Theater.

SCOUTS GUARDING **VEGETABLE "FARM**

Boys Enter With Enthusiasm **Upon Plans for Cultivating** 300-Acre Plot.

EAST END POTOMAC PARK

Campfires flickered dimly on the easternmost point of East Potomac Park last night's encampment of Washington's Boy Scouts who are going to raise vegetable on the 300 acres loaned them by Uncle

Mr. Campbell will be in charge at the camp at nights throughout the summer. Planting will be directed by H. M. Conolly of the Department of Agriculture. He said last evening that a fear expressed by some that mosquitoes might breed malaria was unfounded, since none of these insects were prevalent about this tract. There is no marsh land or stagnant water, and health experts have pronounced it ideal for a camping place. nounced it ideal for a camping place.

Snake-Killing Crusade.

In the afternon one detachment of the boys started out on a snake-killng campaign. They found a number of small snakes, which were quickly of small snakes, which were quickly killed, and they expect to rid the tract of this danger early.

This afternoon Rev. Dr. Charles Wood, pastor of the Church of the Covnant, is to conduct religious services. The Boy Scout Band is to play the accompanient for the singing.

companiment for the singing.

In the morning the scouts hope to continue their work of clearing the brush from the land. Permission has been granted for them to swim in the Georgetown channel, bordering the tract, and as soon as the water is warm enough they will avail themselves of the privilege.

Capital Garden Club to Meet.

The community garden movement will be given added impetus tomorrow afternoon, when a meeting is to be held at the New Willard Hotel at 4:30 o'clock under the auspices of the Capital Garden Club, of which Mrs. Charles W. Wetmore is president. Mrs. Robert Lansing will attend. Other cabinet ladies have been invited and some of

them have accepted.

The central garden committee will have a meeting Wednesday evening, to give instructions to representatives of variances of the lecture.

Many of the students marched to the stu

HISS U. S. AMBASSADOR

Mexican Deputies Make Hostile Demonstration When American Envoy Appears, But Cheer German.

appeared for the opening of the Mexican congress, according to a report received here from Mexico City today by government agents. The report stated that German Minister von Eckhardt was escorted to his seat by a delegation of six deputies and that the German minister was given in ovation when he appeared which lasted nore than thirty minutes.

Ambassador Fletcher's appearance was reeted with feeble applause, which was drowned by many hisses," the second of the Covenant, is to preach at services at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the assembly hall.

A lecture on "Patriotism—A Sentiment and Service" is to be given by Dr. Douglas Pitnam Birnie at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in Dewey Hall. The Junior Defense Guard of the Church of the Covenant, is to preach at services at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the assembly hall.

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TO HUSKY PUGILIST

Recruiting Officer O'Brien Ready to Waive Matter of

ENLISTED MANY

Overweight.

There's a certain well known pris fighter in the country who has offered fight. In an oration having all the polish his services to the President. He's of an experienced public speaker the needed in the navy of the United States, the first line of defense. And he cruits. Sergt. Ketcher is one of the will not have any trouble getting inte

> Chief Yeoman J. J. O'Brien of the navy station says the navy is looking for just such men, and a little matter of overweight will not affect his chances in the least. That can be easily waived. O'Brien says he will extend an invitation to the man, and if he accepts he will have him in the navy and on the way to a training station inside of six hours. That's the kind of men the navy wants, in O'Brien's opinion.

> Quartermaster W. G. Pool, another of the young men in the station, says that if the well known prizefighter enlists in the navy he will "take him on" for a few rounds. And a little matter of weight will not stand in his way, either.

Time Now to Act.

The sailormen at the navy's station last night had a little time on their hands to think. And they thought this: That it is about time some of the people who are offering their services in letters to government officials should materialize and enlist in the navy or see that their

and enlist in the navy or see that their sons or male relatives enlist.

However, aside from that, they had little complaint to offer for the week. They expect to head the list of navy recruiting stations for the number of men obtained. During the week there were 130 applications for enlistment. Seventy-one were rejected and fifty-nine passed the rigid physical test for entrance in this branch of the service. Out of the latter number thirty-nine went through the final ceremony and are now at the training stations participating in drills to fit them for service aboard ship.

The following were enlisted last night and sent away: James Murphy, 610 E street southeast, and Joseph Goldstein, 634 L street northwest, to the Newport, R. I., training station; William Charles Ryan, 1227 10th street northwest; Emery Arthur Hotchkies, Centerville, Pa.; Jacob Hasley Fetter, 422 3d street southeast, and Luther Malvin Ketland, 412 South Lee street, Alexandria, Va., to the Norfolk, Va., training station.

Pay Increases Up to Men.

Those in charge of the navy station say that many parents would permit their sons to enlist if they could be made to understand that their sons

mediately began discussing a name for the camp. After dark those who remained on the ground sat about the fire telling stories.

Mr. Campbell will be in charge at the camp at nights throughout the summer. Planting will be directed by H. M. Conolly of the Department of Agriculture. He said last evening that a fear expressed by some that mosquitoes might breed malaria was anfounded, since none of these insects were prevalent about this tract. There is no marsh land or stagnant in the corps made at the station last night were: Herbert P. Newman, 20 Rhode Island avenue northwest; Aloysius M. Finn, 1901 Lincoln avenue northeast; George A. Tangorra, 477 C street southwest; Harry Rosenthal, 1118 8th street northwest; John L. Morris, 1231 11th street northwest; Leroy Coombs, 311 Pennsylvania avenue; Disseph A. Smith, 1827 K street northwest; Charles D. Howell, 1734 N street, and Clarence L. Waters, 637 Maryland avenue northeast.

WOMEN'S MILITARY CAMP. TO BE INSPECTED TODAY

Commandant and Officer of the Day Plan to Turn on

Searchlight.

A general inspection of the camp of the National Service School, Conduit road and the District line, is to be made at 9 o'clock this morning. The inspection of the campers' cloth-

ing, equipment and tents is to be made by Commandant Elizabeth Poe and Lieut. Miriam Hubbard, officer of the day. The inspection is the first since the open-ing of the camp Monday morning.

Lecture on "First Aid." The students were given a lecture in "first-aid" work by Dr. L. W. Glazebrook

fast night in Dewey Hall. Those who notes of the lecture.

Many of the students marched to Cabin
John bridge yesterday, while others attended classes. Following the march they were free to do as they pleased. Many them came to the city, but returned them came to the city, but returned to camp in time for supper at 6 o'clock.

Although the nights have been quite cool at the camp there has been no sickness. All of the students, Commandant Poe declared, are in good health, and, in fact, she stated that the majority of them have benefited greatly by their camp life during the past week.

To Attend Church This Morning. A number of the girls have signified their intention of coming into the city this morning to attend church services, while others will attend services at Ambassador Henry Fletcher was hissed in churches in the neighborhood of the the chamber of deputies Sunday when he camp. Rev. Dr. Charles Wood, pastor

PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE RETURNS TO LONDON

LONDON, April 21.—Premier Lloyd George returned to London this evening after a series of conferences with the French and Italian governments, it is officially announced.